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5 6 7 8 9 10 11 11 12	BRETT EMISON, ESQ., Pro Hac Vice ADAM W. GRAVES, ESQ., Pro Hac Vice PHYLLIS A. NORMAN, ESQ., Pro Hac Vice LANGDON & EMISON 911 Main Street P.O. Box 220 Lexington, MO 64067 Telephone: 660-259-6175 Facsimile: 660-259-4571 ERIC L. DIRKS, ESQ., Pro Hac Vice WILLIAMS DIRKS, LLC 1100 Main Street, Suite 2600 Kansas City, MO 64105 Telephone: 816-876-2600 Facsimile: 816-221-8763 ATTORNEYS FOR PLAINTIFF		
15	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT		
16	NORTHERN DISTRIC		
17	THOMAS HAGEDORN, on behalf of himself and all others similarly situated,	Case No.	
18 19	Plaintiff, v.	CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT FOR RELIEF BASED ON:	
20 21	NEST LABS, INC., Defendant.	(1) VIOLATION OF CALIFORNIA CONSUMERS LEGAL REMEDIES ACT	
22 23	/	(2) VIOLATION OF CALIFORNIA UNFAIR COMPETITION LAW	
24		DEMAND FOR JURY TRIAL	
25			
26	Plaintiff Thomas Hagedorn, on behalf of himself and all others similarly situated, alleges		
27	as follows:		
28	///		
	-1- CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT (260182.DOC)		

1	NATURE OF THE CASE			
2	1. Plaintiff brings this lawsuit because the Nest thermostat is defective.			
3	2. Defendant knew about the defect yet continued to market and sell its product to			
4	over one-million consumers in the United States.			
5	3. Plaintiff therefore brings this action on behalf of a proposed class of consumers			
6	who purchased the defective Nest thermostat nationwide.			
7	PARTIES			
8	4. Plaintiff Thomas Hagedorn is a citizen and resident of Parkville, Missouri.			
9	5. Defendant Nest Labs, Inc. ("Nest") is incorporated in Delaware with its principal			
10	place of business in Palo Alto, California.			
11	6. Defendant can be served through its registered agent at National Registered			
12	Agents, Inc., 818 West 7th Street, Los Angeles, California, 90017.			
13	JURISDICTION AND VENUE			
14	7. This Court has jurisdiction pursuant to the Class Action Fairness Act, 28 U.S.C. §			
15	1332(d). The aggregated claims of the individual class members exceed the sum value of			
16	\$5,000,000, exclusive of interest and costs, and this is a class action in which more than two-			
17	thirds of the proposed plaintiff class, on the one hand, and Defendant, on the other, are citizens of			
18	different states.			
19	8. This Court has jurisdiction over Nest because Nest is registered to conduct			
20	business in California, has its principal place of business in California and engaged in its unlawful			
21	and unfair conduct from within California.			
22	9. Venue is proper in this District under 28 U.S.C. § 1391(b) because a substantial			
23	part of the events or omissions giving rise to Plaintiff's claims occurred in this District.			
24	FACTUAL ALLEGATIONS			
25	10. The majority of homes today have some form of "programmable" thermostat for			
26	the home's heating/cooling system.			
27	11. These "programmable" systems generally use a simple 4 wire system to control			
28	the heating/cooling/system and a disposable battery to power the display.			

1	12.	The simple 4 wire system consists of:			
2		a. A green wire to control the fan			
3		b. A white wire to control the heat			
4		c. A yellow wire to control the air conditioning and			
5		d. An RH/RC wire which supplies power to the thermostat to control the			
6	AC/Heating u	/Heating units			
7	13.	A modern trend in thermostats is the "smart" thermostat. These thermostats allow			
8	a user to control their home heating and AC unit via a computer, tablet or smartphone.				
9	14.	In order to control the units through a computer, tablet or smartphone, these			
0	"smart" thermostats are generally connected to the internet via the home's Wifi internet				
1	connection.				
12	15.	These additional features require more power than a disposable battery and thus an			
13	alternative power supply is required.				
14	16.	The industry standard "smart" thermostat utilizes a Common Wire or "C" wire to			
15	supply the additional power required to operate the smart thermostat.				
16	17.	The "C" Wire runs from the heating/cooling unit and provides a direct power			
17	supply for the operation of the "smart" thermostat.				
18	18.	The Nest thermostat is advertised and sold as an easy to use and simple to install			
19	thermostat that learns your schedule and programs itself.				
20	19.	Nest represents that nearly anyone can easily install the Nest thermostat.			
21	20.	Nest represents that "if you're comfortable installing a light fixture, you can install			
22	the Nest" and	that the Nest can be installed within 15 minutes" and that "In fact, 99% of the			
23	people who installed Nest themselves would do it again."				
24	21.	Nest's commercials make it look simple to install and to use.			
25	22.	Nowhere does Nest suggest there is a problem with its power supply or that it will			
26	stop working at night. Instead, Nest represents that it will keep you comfortable at night.				
27	23.	Nest represents that you only need to attach the wires that were attached to the			

original thermostat and that "no additional wires are required."

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- 47. Nest has concealed the defect from Plaintiff and other class members. When consumers have contacted Nest after noticing the defect, Nest has disclaimed knowledge of the problem. Even though numerous class members have contacted Nest to complain of the defect, Nest will not assist many of these individuals.
- 48. While Nest has the contact information of its consumers, it has not recalled or notified its consumers about the defect. Moreover, Nest has not offered to fix the problem, despite its alleged two-year warranty, leaving the customer to pay for the entire cost of the repair or replacement out of pocket.
- 49. And most recently, after numerous customer complaints, Nest continues to conceal the defect and mislead consumers by downplaying the problem on its website stating that a "small percentage" of units are malfunctioning, but that "your Nest Thermostat will continue to heat and cool your home as usual." This is patently false.

CLASS ACTION ALLEGATIONS

- 50. Nest has concealed the defect from Plaintiff and other class members. When consumers have contacted Nest after noticing the defect, Nest has disclaimed knowledge of the problem. Even though numerous class members have contacted Nest to complain of the defect, Nest will not assist many of these individuals.
- 51. While Nest has the contact information of its consumers, it has not recalled or notified its consumers about the defect. Moreover, Nest has not offered to fix the problem, leaving the customer to pay for the entire cost of the repair or replacement out of pocket.
- 52. Plaintiff brings this action on behalf of himself and a class of persons initially defined as follows: "All people who purchased or leased a Nest thermostat in the past two years."
- 53. Excluded from the Class are Nest; any affiliate, parent, or subsidiary of Nest; any entity in which Nest has a controlling interest, any officer, director, or employee of Nest; any successor or assign of Nest; anyone employed by counsel for Plaintiff in this action; and any Judge to whom this case is assigned as well as his or her immediate family.
- 54. This action has been brought and may properly be maintained on behalf of the class proposed above under the criteria of Rule 23 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure.

1	55. Numerosity. Members of the class are so numerous that their individual joinder is				
2	impracticable. Nest has sold millions of its thermostats.				
3	56. Existence and predominance of common questions. Common questions of law				
4	and fact exist as to all members of the class and predominate over questions affecting only				
5	individual class members. These common questions include the following:				
6	a. Whether the Nest thermostats are defective;				
7	b. Whether Nest knew of the defect;				
8	c. How long Nest has known of the defect;				
9	d. Whether Nest has a duty to disclose the defective nature of the thermostat				
10	to Plaintiff and Class members;				
11	e. Whether Nest has violated the Consumers Legal Remedies Act, Civ. Code				
12	§ 1750 et seq.;				
13	f. Whether Nest has engaged in unlawful, unfair, or fraudulent business				
14	practices in violation of Business and Professions Code § 17200 et seq.;				
15	g. Whether Nest is honoring its express warranty; and				
16	h. Whether Plaintiff and the other class members are entitled to equitable				
17	relief, including but not limited to a preliminary and/or permanent injunction.				
18	57. Typicality. Plaintiff's claims are typical of the claims of the class, because, among				
19	other thing, Plaintiff purchased the same thermostat as all other Class Members.				
20	58. Adequacy. Plaintiff is an adequate representative of the class because his interests				
21	do not conflict with the interests of the members of the class he seeks to represent. Plaintiff has				
22	retained counsel competent and experienced in complex class action litigation and product defect				
23	litigation, and Plaintiff intends to prosecute this action vigorously. The interests of members of				
24	the class will be fairly and adequately protected by Plaintiff and his counsel.				
25	59. Superiority. The class action is superior to other available means for the fair and				
26	efficient adjudication of this dispute. The injury suffered by each class member, while meaningful				
27	on an individual basis, is not of such magnitude as to make the prosecution of individual actions				
28	against Nest economically feasible. Even if class members themselves could afford such				

1	individualized litigation, the court system could not. In addition to the burden and expense of		
2	managing numerous actions arising from the defect, individualized litigation presents a potential		
3	for inconsistent or contradictory judgments. Individualized litigation increases the delay and		
4	expense to all parties and the court system presented by the legal and factual issues of the case.		
5	By contrast, the class action device presents far fewer management difficulties and provides the		
6	benefits of a single adjudication, economy of scale, and comprehensive supervision by a single		
7	court.		
8	60. In the alternative, the class may be certified because:		
9	a. The prosecution of separate actions by the individual members of the Class		
10	would create a risk of inconsistent or varying adjudication with respect to individual Class		
11	members which would establish incompatible standards of conduct for Nest;		
12	b. The prosecution of separate actions by individual Class members would		
13	create a risk of adjudications with respect to them which would, as a practical matter, be		
14	dispositive of the interests of other Class members not parties to the adjudications, or		
15	substantially impair or impede their ability to protect their interests; and		
16	c. Nest has acted or refused to act on grounds generally applicable to the		
17	Class, thereby making appropriate final and injunctive relief with respect to the members of the		
18	Class as a whole.		
19	<u>CAUSES OF ACTION</u>		
20	FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION		
21	(Violation of the Consumers Legal Remedies Act, Cal. Civ. Code. §§ 1750 et seq.)		
22	61. Plaintiff, on behalf of herself and all others similarly situated, realleges as if fully		
23	set forth, each and every allegation set forth herein.		
24	62. Nest is a "person" within the meaning of Civil Code §§ 1761(c) and 1770, and		
25	provided "goods" within the meaning of California Civil Code §§ 1761(b) and 1770.		
26	63. Plaintiff and members of the class are "consumers" within the meaning of Civil		
27	Code §§ 1761(d) and 1770, and have engaged in a "transaction" within the meaning of Civil Code		
28	§§ 1761(e) and 1770.		

- 64. As set forth herein, Nest's acts and practices, undertaken in transactions intended to result and which did result in the sale of Nest thermostats, violate Section 1770 of the Consumers Legal Remedies Act in that: (a) Nest represents that its goods have sponsorship, approval, characteristics, uses or benefits which they do not have; (b) Nest advertises its goods with intent not to sell them as advertised; (c) Nest represents that a transaction confers or involves rights, remedies, or obligations which it does not have or involve; and/or (d) Nest represents that its goods have been supplied in accordance with a previous representation when they have not.
- 65. The acts and practices engaged in by Nest that violate the Consumers Legal Remedies Act include failing to disclose, at the point of sale or otherwise, that the thermostat is defective.
- 66. Pursuant to the provision of California Civil Code § 1780, Plaintiff seeks an order enjoining Nest from the unlawful practices described herein, a declaration that Nest's conduct violates the Consumers Legal Remedies Act, and attorneys' fees and costs of litigation.

SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION (For unlawful, unfair, and fraudulent business practices under Business and Professions Code Section 17200 et seq.)

- 67. Plaintiff, on behalf of himself and all others similarly situated, realleges as if fully set forth, each and every allegation set forth herein.
- 68. Nest's acts and practices, as alleged in this complaint, constitute unlawful, unfair and/or fraudulent business practices, in violation of the Unfair Competition Law, Cal. Bus. & Prof. Code § 17200 et seq.
- 69. The business practices engaged in by Nest that violate the Unfair Competition Law include failing to disclose, at the point of sale or otherwise, that the thermostat is defective, and refusing to recall or notify consumers about the defect.
- 70. Nest engaged in unlawful business practices by violating the Consumers Legal Remedies Act, Civil Code § 1750 et seq.
 - 71. Nest engaged in unfair business practices by, among other things:
- a. Engaging in conduct where the utility of that conduct is outweighed by the gravity of the consequences to Plaintiff and other members of the class;

1	d. For a de	eclaration that	Nest's practices are unlawful and unfair and ordering		
2	corrective notice to consumers;				
3	e. For an	e. For an order awarding Plaintiff and the members of the Class pre-judgment and			
4	post-judgment interest;				
5	f. For an	f. For an order awarding Plaintiff and the members of the Class reasonable attorneys'			
6	fees and costs of suit, including expert witness fees; and				
7	g. For an order awarding such other and further relief as this Court may deem just				
8	and proper.				
9		JU	RY TRIAL DEMANDED		
10	Plaintiff, by co	unsel, requests	s a trial by jury on his legal claims, as set forth herein.		
11	DATED: February 19	, 2014.	Respectfully submitted,		
12			/a/ Datai ale W. Faranza		
13			/s/ Patrick W. Emery PATRICK W. EMERY, ESQ., SB #061050 ABBEY, WEITZENBERG, WARREN & EMERY, P.C.		
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